

GAUGE AND HIGGS BOSONS

γ (photon)

$$I(J^{PC}) = 0,1(1^{--})$$

Mass $m < 1 \times 10^{-18}$ eV

Charge $q < 1 \times 10^{-35}$ e

Mean life $\tau = \text{Stable}$

**g
or gluon**

$$I(J^P) = 0(1^-)$$

Mass $m = 0$ [a]

SU(3) color octet

graviton

$$J = 2$$

Mass $m < 6 \times 10^{-32}$ eV

W

$$J = 1$$

Charge $= \pm 1$ e

Mass $m = 80.379 \pm 0.012$ GeV

W/Z mass ratio $= 0.88153 \pm 0.00017$

$m_Z - m_W = 10.803 \pm 0.015$ GeV

$m_{W^+} - m_{W^-} = -0.029 \pm 0.028$ GeV

Full width $\Gamma = 2.085 \pm 0.042$ GeV

$\langle N_{\pi^\pm} \rangle = 15.70 \pm 0.35$

$\langle N_{K^\pm} \rangle = 2.20 \pm 0.19$

$\langle N_p \rangle = 0.92 \pm 0.14$

$\langle N_{\text{charged}} \rangle = 19.39 \pm 0.08$

W^- modes are charge conjugates of the modes above.

W^+ DECAY MODES		Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	(MeV/c) <i>p</i>
$\ell^+ \nu$	[b]	$(10.86 \pm 0.09) \%$		—
$e^+ \nu$		$(10.71 \pm 0.16) \%$		40189
$\mu^+ \nu$		$(10.63 \pm 0.15) \%$		40189
$\tau^+ \nu$		$(11.38 \pm 0.21) \%$		40170
hadrons		$(67.41 \pm 0.27) \%$		—

$\pi^+ \gamma$	< 7	$\times 10^{-6}$	95%	40189
$D_s^+ \gamma$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%	40165
$c\bar{X}$	(33.3 \pm 2.6) %		—	
$c\bar{s}$	(31 \pm 13) %		—	
invisible	[c] (1.4 \pm 2.9) %		—	

Z $J = 1$

Charge = 0

Mass $m = 91.1876 \pm 0.0021$ GeV [d]Full width $\Gamma = 2.4952 \pm 0.0023$ GeV $\Gamma(\ell^+ \ell^-) = 83.984 \pm 0.086$ MeV [b] $\Gamma(\text{invisible}) = 499.0 \pm 1.5$ MeV [e] $\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) = 1744.4 \pm 2.0$ MeV $\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma(e^+ e^-) = 1.0009 \pm 0.0028$ $\Gamma(\tau^+ \tau^-)/\Gamma(e^+ e^-) = 1.0019 \pm 0.0032$ [f]**Average charged multiplicity**

$$\langle N_{\text{charged}} \rangle = 20.76 \pm 0.16 \quad (S = 2.1)$$

Couplings to quarks and leptons

$$g_V^\ell = -0.03783 \pm 0.00041$$

$$g_V^u = 0.18 \pm 0.05$$

$$g_V^d = -0.35^{+0.05}_{-0.06}$$

$$g_A^\ell = -0.50123 \pm 0.00026$$

$$g_A^u = 0.50^{+0.04}_{-0.05}$$

$$g_A^d = -0.514^{+0.050}_{-0.029}$$

$$g^{\nu_\ell} = 0.5008 \pm 0.0008$$

$$g^{\nu_e} = 0.53 \pm 0.09$$

$$g^{\nu_\mu} = 0.502 \pm 0.017$$

Asymmetry parameters [g]

$$A_e = 0.1515 \pm 0.0019$$

$$A_\mu = 0.142 \pm 0.015$$

$$A_\tau = 0.143 \pm 0.004$$

$$A_s = 0.90 \pm 0.09$$

$$A_c = 0.670 \pm 0.027$$

$$A_b = 0.923 \pm 0.020$$

Charge asymmetry (%) at Z pole

$$A_{FB}^{(0\ell)} = 1.71 \pm 0.10$$

$$A_{FB}^{(0u)} = 4 \pm 7$$

$$A_{FB}^{(0s)} = 9.8 \pm 1.1$$

$$A_{FB}^{(0c)} = 7.07 \pm 0.35$$

$$A_{FB}^{(0b)} = 9.92 \pm 0.16$$

Z DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$e^+ e^-$	[h] $(3.3632 \pm 0.0042) \%$		45594
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	[h] $(3.3662 \pm 0.0066) \%$		45594
$\tau^+ \tau^-$	[h] $(3.3696 \pm 0.0083) \%$		45559
$\ell^+ \ell^-$	[b,h] $(3.3658 \pm 0.0023) \%$		—
$\ell^+ \ell^- \ell^+ \ell^-$	[i] $(3.5 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$	S=1.7	45594
invisible	[h] $(20.000 \pm 0.055) \%$		—
hadrons	[h] $(69.911 \pm 0.056) \%$		—
$(u\bar{u} + c\bar{c})/2$	$(11.6 \pm 0.6) \%$		—
$(d\bar{d} + s\bar{s} + b\bar{b})/3$	$(15.6 \pm 0.4) \%$		—
$c\bar{c}$	$(12.03 \pm 0.21) \%$		—
$b\bar{b}$	$(15.12 \pm 0.05) \%$		—
$b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$	$(3.6 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-4}$		—
ggg	< 1.1 %	CL=95%	—
$\pi^0 \gamma$	< 2.01×10^{-5}	CL=95%	45594
$\eta \gamma$	< 5.1 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45592
$\omega \gamma$	< 6.5 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45590
$\eta'(958) \gamma$	< 4.2 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45589
$\phi \gamma$	< 8.3 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45588
$\gamma \gamma$	< 1.46 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\pi^0 \pi^0$	< 1.52 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45594
$\gamma \gamma \gamma$	< 2.2 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45594
$\pi^\pm W^\mp$	[j] < 7 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	10167
$\rho^\pm W^\mp$	[j] < 8.3 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	10142
$J/\psi(1S) X$	$(3.51 \pm 0.23) \times 10^{-3}$	S=1.1	—
$J/\psi(1S) \gamma$	< 2.6 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45541
$\psi(2S) X$	$(1.60 \pm 0.29) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\chi_{c1}(1P) X$	$(2.9 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-3}$		—
$\chi_{c2}(1P) X$	< 3.2 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%	—
$\gamma(1S) X + \gamma(2S) X$ + $\gamma(3S) X$	$(1.0 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-4}$		—
$\gamma(1S) X$	< 3.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	—
$\gamma(2S) X$	< 6.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	—

$\Upsilon(3S)X$	< 5.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	—
$(D^0/\overline{D}{}^0)X$	(20.7 ± 2.0) %			—
$D^\pm X$	(12.2 ± 1.7) %			—
$D^*(2010)^\pm X$	$[j] (11.4 \pm 1.3)$ %			—
$D_{s1}(2536)^\pm X$	$(3.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-3}$			—
$D_{sJ}(2573)^\pm X$	$(5.8 \pm 2.2) \times 10^{-3}$			—
$D^{*'}(2629)^\pm X$	searched for			—
$B^+ X$	$[k] (6.08 \pm 0.13)$ %			—
$B_s^0 X$	$[k] (1.59 \pm 0.13)$ %			—
$B_c^+ X$	searched for			—
$\Lambda_c^+ X$	(1.54 ± 0.33) %			—
$\Xi_c^0 X$	seen			—
$\Xi_b X$	seen			—
b -baryon X	$[k] (1.38 \pm 0.22)$ %			—
anomalous $\gamma +$ hadrons	$[l] < 3.2$	$\times 10^{-3}$	CL=95%	—
$e^+ e^- \gamma$	$[l] < 5.2$	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45594
$\mu^+ \mu^- \gamma$	$[l] < 5.6$	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45594
$\tau^+ \tau^- \gamma$	$[l] < 7.3$	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%	45559
$\ell^+ \ell^- \gamma\gamma$	$[n] < 6.8$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	—
$q\bar{q}\gamma\gamma$	$[n] < 5.5$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	—
$\nu\bar{\nu}\gamma\gamma$	$[n] < 3.1$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45594
$e^\pm \mu^\mp$	$LF [j] < 7.5$	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=95%	45594
$e^\pm \tau^\mp$	$LF [j] < 9.8$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45576
$\mu^\pm \tau^\mp$	$LF [j] < 1.2$	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=95%	45576
$p e$	$L,B < 1.8$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45589
$p \mu$	$L,B < 1.8$	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=95%	45589

 H^0 $J = 0$ Mass $m = 125.18 \pm 0.16$ GeVFull width $\Gamma < 0.013$ GeV, CL = 95% **H^0 Signal Strengths in Different Channels**

See Listings for the latest unpublished results.

Combined Final States = 1.10 ± 0.11 $WW^* = 1.08^{+0.18}_{-0.16}$ $ZZ^* = 1.14^{+0.15}_{-0.13}$ $\gamma\gamma = 1.16 \pm 0.18$ $b\bar{b} = 0.95 \pm 0.22$ $\mu^+ \mu^- = 0.0 \pm 1.3$ $\tau^+ \tau^- = 1.12 \pm 0.23$ $Z\gamma < 6.6$, CL = 95% $t\bar{t}H^0$ Production = $2.3^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$

H^0 DECAY MODES	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Confidence level	p (MeV/c)
$e^+ e^-$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62592
$J/\psi \gamma$	$< 1.5 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62553
$\gamma(1S)\gamma$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62234
$\gamma(2S)\gamma$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62190
$\gamma(3S)\gamma$	$< 1.3 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62163
$\phi(1020)\gamma$	$< 1.4 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62587
$e\mu$	$< 3.5 \times 10^{-4}$	95%	62592
$e\tau$	$< 6.9 \times 10^{-3}$	95%	62579
$\mu\tau$	$< 1.43 \%$	95%	62579
invisible	$< 24 \%$	95%	—

Neutral Higgs Bosons, Searches for**Searches for a Higgs Boson with Standard Model Couplings**Mass $m > 122$ and none $128\text{--}1000$ GeV, CL = 95%The limits for H_1^0 and A^0 in supersymmetric models refer to the m_h^{\max} benchmark scenario for the supersymmetric parameters. **H_1^0 in Supersymmetric Models ($m_{H_1^0} < m_{H_2^0}$)**Mass $m > 92.8$ GeV, CL = 95% **A^0 Pseudoscalar Higgs Boson in Supersymmetric Models [o]**Mass $m > 93.4$ GeV, CL = 95% $\tan\beta > 0.4$ **Charged Higgs Bosons (H^\pm and $H^{\pm\pm}$), Searches for** H^\pm Mass $m > 80$ GeV, CL = 95%**New Heavy Bosons
(W' , Z' , leptoquarks, etc.),
Searches for****Additional W Bosons** W' with standard couplingsMass $m > 4.100 \times 10^3$ GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search) W_R (Right-handed W Boson)Mass $m > 715$ GeV, CL = 90% (electroweak fit)

Additional Z Bosons

Z'_{SM} with standard couplings

Mass $m > 4.500 \times 10^3$ GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)

Z_{LR} of $\text{SU}(2)_L \times \text{SU}(2)_R \times \text{U}(1)$ (with $g_L = g_R$)

Mass $m > 630$ GeV, CL = 95% ($p\bar{p}$ direct search)

Mass $m > 1162$ GeV, CL = 95% (electroweak fit)

Z_χ of $\text{SO}(10) \rightarrow \text{SU}(5) \times \text{U}(1)_\chi$ (with $g_\chi = e/\cos\theta_W$)

Mass $m > 4.100 \times 10^3$ GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)

Z_ψ of $E_6 \rightarrow \text{SO}(10) \times \text{U}(1)_\psi$ (with $g_\psi = e/\cos\theta_W$)

Mass $m > 3.800 \times 10^3$ GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)

Z_η of $E_6 \rightarrow \text{SU}(3) \times \text{SU}(2) \times \text{U}(1) \times \text{U}(1)_\eta$ (with $g_\eta = e/\cos\theta_W$)

Mass $m > 3.900 \times 10^3$ GeV, CL = 95% (pp direct search)

Scalar Leptoquarks

Mass $m > 1050$ GeV, CL = 95% (1st generation, pair prod.)

Mass $m > 1755$ GeV, CL = 95% (1st generation, single prod.)

Mass $m > 1080$ GeV, CL = 95% (2nd generation, pair prod.)

Mass $m > 660$ GeV, CL = 95% (2nd generation, single prod.)

Mass $m > 850$ GeV, CL = 95% (3rd generation, pair prod.)

(See the Particle Listings for assumptions on leptoquark quantum numbers and branching fractions.)

Diquarks

Mass $m > 6000$ GeV, CL = 95% (E_6 diquark)

Axigluon

Mass $m > 5500$ GeV, CL = 95%

Axions (A^0) and Other Very Light Bosons, Searches for

The standard Peccei-Quinn axion is ruled out. Variants with reduced couplings or much smaller masses are constrained by various data.

The Particle Listings in the full *Review* contain a Note discussing axion searches.

The best limit for the half-life of neutrinoless double beta decay with Majoron emission is $> 7.2 \times 10^{24}$ years (CL = 90%).

NOTES

- [a] Theoretical value. A mass as large as a few MeV may not be precluded.
- [b] ℓ indicates each type of lepton (e , μ , and τ), not sum over them.
- [c] This represents the width for the decay of the Z boson into a charged particle with momentum below detectability, $p < 200$ MeV.
- [d] The Z -boson mass listed here corresponds to a Breit-Wigner resonance parameter. It lies approximately 34 MeV above the real part of the position of the pole (in the energy-squared plane) in the Z -boson propagator.
- [e] This partial width takes into account Z decays into $\nu\bar{\nu}$ and any other possible undetected modes.
- [f] This ratio has not been corrected for the τ mass.
- [g] Here $A \equiv 2g_V g_A/(g_V^2 + g_A^2)$.
- [h] This parameter is not directly used in the overall fit but is derived using the fit results; see the note “The Z boson” and ref. LEP-SLC 06 (Physics Reports (Physics Letters C) **427** 257 (2006)).
- [i] Here ℓ indicates e or μ .
- [j] The value is for the sum of the charge states or particle/antiparticle states indicated.
- [k] This value is updated using the product of (i) the $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ fraction from this listing and (ii) the b -hadron fraction in an unbiased sample of weakly decaying b -hadrons produced in Z -decays provided by the Heavy Flavor Averaging Group (HFLAV, http://www.slac.stanford.edu/xorg/hflav/osc/PDG_2009/#FRACZ).
- [l] See the Z Particle Listings for the γ energy range used in this measurement.
- [n] For $m_{\gamma\gamma} = (60 \pm 5)$ GeV.
- [o] The limits assume no invisible decays.